**E366 Fourth exercise: intergenerational transmission of demographic behaviour**

**Summer 2024**

**Description**

Early motherhood today is associated with increased risks of socioeconomic disadvantage, and children of young mothers are more likely to be young mothers themselves. One of the most striking findings of the historical demographic literature is that demographic behaviour has become more persistent between generations over time. Long-run changes in women’s labour market participation and cultural attitudes may have contributed to these trends.

**Marriage before 1800**

Perform a regression of women’s age at first marriage on their mother’s age at first marriage for daughters married **before 1800**. What is the coefficient? What does this mean?

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**Marriage after 1900**

Perform a regression of women’s age at first marriage on their mother’s age at first marriage for daughters married **after 1900**. What is the coefficient? What does this mean?

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**Explain your findings**

What do you think changed between the 18th and 20th centuries that might explain your findings?

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